(घ) कानून तथा व्यवस्था संबंधी विषय राज्य सरकार के अंतर्गत आता है। किन्तु चोरी/उठाईगिरी को रोके जाने के लिए निम्नलिखित उपाय किए गए हैं/किए जा रहे हैं :—

(1) स्थानीय पुलिस के सहयोग से अचानक जांच करना ।

(2) आसूचना का संग्रहण ।

(3) दिन-रात गश्त लगाना ।

(4) पैरीमीटर दीवारों को कांटेदार तारों से और कोयले के स्टाक- डिपो की घेराबन्दी करना ।

(5) ठीक तरह से रोशनी की व्यवस्था करना । वाकी-टाकी सेंटों तथा लंबी रेंज की रेडियो-सैटों को मुहैया करके दूर-संचार नेटवर्क में सुधार करना ।

(6) वाच-टॉवरों की स्थापना जिसमें साइरन आदि की व्यवस्था किया जाना ।

(7) स्थानीय पुलिस के सहयोग से कोयला क्षेत्रों में अचानक छापे मारा जाना ।

(8) अपराध/चोरी की समीक्षा किए जाने हेतु जिला पुलिस/जिला प्रशासन के साथ बैठकों का आयोजन करना और चोरी रोकने के लिए अनुवर्ती कार्रवाई किया जाना ।

(9) सुरक्षा अधिकारियों के साथ समीक्षात्मक बैठकें करना और चोरी/उठाईगिरी रोकने के लिए उनके सुझावों को क्रियान्वित किया जाना ।

Availability of Coal resources

3624. SHRI SOM PAL : Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are in agreement with the perception of the Deputy Director General of the Geological Survey of India that India's huge reserves of 196 billion tonnes is deceptive since all of it is not usable, which he expressed while addressing an international seminar on coal exploration technology recently ;

(b) if so, whether Government propose to reappraise the availability and feasibility of coal reserves; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA) : (a) to (c) As on 1-1-1994, the coal resources of India (down to a depth of 1200 metres) have been assessed by the Geological Survey of India (GSI) at 196.89 billion tonnes. These reserves indicate net 'in-situ' geological reserves. However, the entire 'in-situ' reserves are not extractable due to the fact that some of the reserves are locked up beneath surface features, such as towns/villages, industries, railway lines, roads, rivers etc. and some of the reserves are very deep seated. Moreover the available mining technologies also do not ensure total recovery of the entire 'in-situ' coal reserves.

According to Sr. Deputy Director General, GSI, his speech made during a Seminar on 'Exploration Technology for Modern Coal Mines' held at Ranchi on 19th and 20th January. 1994 has been misreported. According to him he had referred to the above mentioned limitation due to which the entire 'in-situ' coal reserves are not amenable to extraction.